



MUDANYA UNIVERSITY
DEPARTMENT OF FOREIGN LANGUAGES
ENGLISH PREP UNIT

PROFICIENCY EXAM
PART I

- *This test consists of 70 questions. Each question is worth one (1) point.*
- *Please, do not forget to code your answers to the optical **answer sheet**.*
- *Papers not coded on the optical form will not be evaluated. Responsibility for this matter lies with the student!*
- *The exam duration is 100 minutes.*

NAME SURNAME: _____

STUDENT ID: _____

DEPARTMENT: _____

 PROFICIENCY EXAM RULES

1. *Keep silent. Talking is not allowed during the exam.*
2. *All phones and electronic devices must be switched off.*
3. *Do not forget to mark your answers on the answer sheet.*
4. *Cheating is strictly forbidden. If cheating is detected, your exam will be invalid.*
5. *Do not fold or tear the question booklet.*
6. *Return both the question booklet and the answer sheet at the end of the exam.*
7. *Stop writing when time is over. No marking after the announcement.*
8. *Follow the invigilators' instructions at all times.*

LISTENING

- *In this part, you should answer the questions while listening. Each track will be played twice.*

AUDIO 1

1. **What is the main purpose of a Space Traffic Management system?**
 - a) To make satellites move faster around the Earth to prevent collisions
 - b) To avoid accidents between satellites and other entities in orbit
 - c) To replace Air Traffic Control systems for airplanes and other objects
 - d) To reduce the cost of launching satellites
2. **Why is it currently difficult to track all satellites?**
 - a) Satellites communicate only through military channels.
 - b) Satellites move too slowly to be monitored and send information.
 - c) All satellites are identical and easy to confuse.
 - d) Some satellites lack data transmission.
3. **What additional threat exists besides satellites themselves?**
 - a) Orbital junk hazard like damaged components of satellite
 - b) Clouds and broken satellite in the sky
 - c) Micrometeorites from other planets
 - d) Airplanes debris flying too high in the space

AUDIO 2

4. **Why did the speaker move to the North Sea?**
 - a) To continue working as a website designer in London, pursuing city life
 - b) To follow his personal passion interacting with natural world
 - c) To join government-funded programs to protect sea
 - d) To take part in busy metropolitan life and swimming in the sea
5. **What was a requirement before applying as a volunteer?**
 - a) Passing a communication assessment and passing a vision test
 - b) Attending a boat-handling workshop
 - c) Providing proof that eye laser surgery has been done
 - d) Completing a medical check-up
6. **What is the role of a helmsman?**
 - a) communicating weather updates or alerts to the coastguard to sail the boat
 - b) organizing fundraising activities or charity events to launch boats in the sea
 - c) being accountable for checking equipment to decide if it is safe to travel overseas
 - d) teaching first aid or emergency procedures to youth groups to ensure the safety

USE OF ENGLISH

11. The students were so _____ the repetitive lectures that many of them stopped paying attention and began scrolling through their phones instead.
- a) dropped off by
 - b) fed up of
 - c) astonished at
 - d) thrilled by
12. When the actor forgot his script on the stage, the audience was impressed to see that he could still deliver every line _____, without needing to look at the text even once.
- a) by memory
 - b) from memory
 - c) off by chance
 - d) by heart
13. The view from the top of the mountain was nothing short of _____, as the visitors could see miles of snow-covered peaks shining under the golden light of the sunset.
- a) ordinary
 - b) astonishing
 - c) disappointing
 - d) unpleasant
14. The citizens complained that they could no longer _____ the constant noise from the construction site, which had continued day and night for over a year.
- a) put up with
 - b) put down
 - c) put forward
 - d) put somebody through
15. Exhausted from working two-night shifts in a row, Sarah couldn't help but _____ as soon as she sat on the couch, even though the television was still on.
- a) stand up
 - b) put up with
 - c) drop off
 - d) switch off

Answer the question from 26 to 30 according to the passage below.

Many people believe that playing video games is just a waste of time, but recent studies suggest otherwise. According to researchers, gaming in moderation can actually improve problem-solving skills and reaction times. Of course, excessive gaming ____ (26) lead to health problems such as poor eyesight or lack of sleep. ____ (27), games can help people develop teamwork and communication skills, especially when they play online with friends. This is one reason why some teachers are now trying to integrate educational games into their lessons. Still, there are debates about how much time children ____ (28) spend in front of a screen. Parents are encouraged to set limits and balance gaming with outdoor activities. Another interesting point is that video games are not only about entertainment but also about creativity. Some games allow players to build entire worlds, which is far more ____ (29) than just watching TV. Finally, with the rise of e-sports, gaming has even turned ____ (30) a professional career for some talented players.

16. a) should
a) may
b) have to
c) did

17. a) However
b) Because
c) Unless
d) As soon as

18. a) will
b) need
c) might be
d) should

19. a) harmful
b) tiring
c) valuable
d) exciting

20. a) on
b) into
c) at
d) from

21. I ____ (1) this novel for almost three weeks now, and although I really enjoy the story, I still haven't managed to finish it. The main reason is that I ____ (2) extremely busy with extra projects at work lately, which leaves me little time for reading in the evenings.

- a) have read/ have been
b) have been reading/ have been
c) read/ am
d) was reading/ was

22. Given that the ministry has already signed a nationwide contract and installation teams are working in schools this week, it ____ (1) certain that the new AI platform will roll out across all classrooms next term. That said, under the new agreement, teachers ____ (2) to lose their jobs; their roles will probably evolve toward mentoring and project-based assessment.

- a) is/ are not going
b) will be/ won't
c) is going to be/ are certain
d) will/will not

23. The intern ____ laptop was stolen during the field trip submitted a formal incident report and requested temporary access to a spare device to complete the analysis.

- a) who
b) whom
c) whose
d) which

24. The conference has been moved entirely online, ____ will allow more early-career researchers from abroad to participate without travel or visa constraints.

- a) which
b) that
c) what
d) where

25. The dean _____ the students submitted a detailed petition after the grading error was discovered promised to launch an independent review and share the results with the faculty council.
- a) whom
 - b) to whom
 - c) who
 - d) whose

READING- Read the text and answer the following questions.

The Impact of Industrial Design on Daily Life

Industrial design is an essential field that combines creativity with engineering to improve the appearance and function of products. It influences the way people interact with technology and affects their personal comfort and security.

One important aspect of industrial design is usability. Designers illustrate their ideas through models that preview how a product will move, look, and feel. For example, the design of a smartphone must balance appearance with safety conditions, making sure the device is not unsafe or harmful for the user. Another factor is sustainability. Designers must rethink how products are produced and consumed to avoid waste and harmful environmental effects. If products are disorganized or spread too quickly without planning, they can dehumanize the relationship between people and technology. Sustainable design protects both privacy and health.

Finally, industrial design has a huge range of influence on culture and economy. Well-designed products create demand in the market and increase employment in professional sectors. They also add value to companies by making their image more attractive to investors.

In conclusion, industrial design is not just about how products look. It is about creating valuable, safe, and sustainable solutions for society. If applied correctly, it can translate human needs into products that improve the standard of living and preserve the balance between technology and humanity.

26. According to the passage, what is the main reason that usability is significant in industrial design?
- a) Because it only makes products cheaper
 - b) Because it shows how easy a product is for users
 - c) Because it eliminates the need for creativity
 - d) Because it always guarantees fashion trends
27. What can be inferred from the passage about sustainability in design?
- a) It helps protect the environment by reducing waste.
 - b) It is only about making products more expensive.
 - c) It focuses mainly on advertising and style.
 - d) It removes the link between people and technology.
28. Which of the following could be the main idea of the passage?
- a) Industrial design prevents people from buying unsafe products.
 - b) Industrial design is only about making products look attractive.
 - c) Industrial design connects creativity, safety, and sustainability to improve life.
 - d) Industrial design is more useful for culture than for the economy.

29. The underlined word sustainable in the passage is closest in meaning to _____.

- a) something temporary and short-lived
- b) something harmful and wasteful
- c) something modern but unsafe
- d) something lasting and environmentally responsible

MUDUTEST

The Science of Decision Fatigue

Modern psychology has revealed that willpower is not an endless resource. The concept of decision fatigue refers to the decline in the quality of decisions after a long session of decision-making. In other words, the more choices we make during the day, the harder it becomes to make sound judgments later on. Judges, for example, have been found to issue more favourable rulings in the morning or immediately after lunch, while decisions made late in the afternoon tend to be harsher or less consistent.

The underlying explanation is that each decision consumes mental energy. Even apparently minor choices—what to wear, which route to take, whether to reply to a message—gradually drain our cognitive resources. By the time we face more significant decisions, we may unconsciously take shortcuts: opting for the easiest option, postponing the choice, or avoiding responsibility altogether.

This phenomenon has important implications for daily life. Employers might reconsider scheduling crucial meetings at the end of the workday, while students may find that their ability to concentrate decreases after hours of continuous study. To combat decision fatigue, psychologists recommend reducing unnecessary decisions by creating routines. For instance, some highly productive people simplify their wardrobes or automate aspects of their day, saving mental energy for what truly matters.

Ultimately, decision fatigue demonstrates that efficiency is not only about working harder but also about managing one's mental resources wisely. Recognizing the limits of willpower allows us to design environments that support, rather than sabotage, better decision-making.

30. What is the main purpose of the passage?

- a) To prove that judges are biased
- b) To show that willpower can be conserved
- c) To explain why people enjoy routines
- d) To describe the effects of physical exhaustion

31. The example of judges (*paragraph 1*) highlights:

- a) the strict nature of legal systems
- b) the role of luck in court cases
- c) that rulings are always unfair in the afternoon
- d) how fatigue influences mental performance

32. The word drain (*paragraph 2*) is closest in meaning to:

- a) exhaust
- b) redirect
- c) strengthen
- d) ignore

END OF THE TEST

PLEASE CHECK YOUR ANSWERS